$\begin{array}{c} \text{Vector Fields} \\ \textit{Conservative Fields} \end{array}$

Question

If the potential ϕ is given by $\phi(\underline{r}) = \frac{1}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^2}$, then find the corresponding three-dimensional vector field.

Answer

$$\phi(\underline{r}) = \frac{1}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = -\frac{2}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^3} \frac{(\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0) \bullet \frac{\partial \underline{r}}{\partial x}}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|}$$

$$= -\frac{2(x - x_0)}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^4}$$

Similar formulae hold for other first partials of ϕ .

$$\Rightarrow \underline{F} = \nabla \phi$$

$$= -\frac{2}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^4} [(x - x_0)\underline{i} + (y - y_0)\underline{j} + (z - z_0)\underline{k}]$$

$$= -2\frac{\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0}{|\underline{r} - \underline{r}_0|^4}.$$

This is the vector field with scalar potential ϕ .