

Question

Solve the equation

- (a) $(1 - z)^5 = z^5$
- (b) $(z + 1)^6 = 56(z - 1)^6$
- (c) $(5 + z)^5 - (5 - z)^5 = 0$
- (d) $(z - \sqrt{3} + 2i)^6 + 64 = 0$
- (e) $z^6 + z^4 + z^2 + 1 = 0$

Answer

- (a) $z = 0$ is not a solution.

$$\left(\frac{1-z}{z}\right)^5 = 1 \quad z = \frac{1}{1+w} \quad w = e^{\frac{2k\pi i}{5}} \quad h = 0, 1, \dots, 4$$

- (b) $z = 1$ is not a solution

$$\left(\frac{z+1}{2(z-1)}\right)^6 = 1 \quad z = \frac{2w+1}{2w-1} \quad w = e^{2k\pi i} \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, 5$$

- (c) $z = 5$ is not a solution

$$\left(\frac{5+z}{5-z}\right)^6 = 1 \quad z = \frac{5(w-1)}{w+1} \quad w = e^{\frac{2k\pi i}{5}} \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, 5$$

(d) $\left(\frac{z-\sqrt{3}+2i}{2i}\right)^6 = 1 \quad z = 2iw + \sqrt{3} - 2i \quad w = e^{\frac{2k\pi i}{6}} \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, 5$

(e) $z^6 + z^4 + z^2 + 1 = 0$ iff $\frac{z^8 - 1}{z^2 - 1} = 0 \quad z^2 \neq 1$ iff $z = e^{\frac{2k\pi i}{8}}$ $k = 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7$